Sl. No.:

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Booklet Id.: AAO/01/A/400

Time Allowed: 2 hrs 30 mins

Roll No.

Total Marks: 150

DO NOT OPEN THE OUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions. **INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATE** 1) You are required to write your Roll Number in the prescribed place provided at the top of this Question Booklet and the OMR Answer Sheet. 2) You are required to mention the Ouestion Booklet Id. as mentioned above in your **OMR** Answer Sheet. 3) Please ensure that the Question Booklet has the required number of pages immediately after opening the same. In case there is any shortage of any page(s), please report the same to the invigilator. 4) This Question Booklet contains 150 multiple choice questions to be answered in a separate OMR Answer Sheet by using **Blue/Black ball pen** only. Do not use **Ink/Gel pen**. The Booklet comprises of the following two parts: Part A: General English 100 questions : Part B: General Knowledge : 50 questions > All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks. > There is no negative marking for wrong answers. > Directions for answering the questions: Each question is followed by four alternative suggested answers. You are required to select the correct answer and darken the appropriate circle of a, b, c and d by Blue/ Black ball pen in such a manner that the circle is completely darkened. Example: Ouestion No.63 Given below are four odd words, three are alike in some way and one is different. Find the odd word: (a) Ganga (b) Brahmaputra (c) Jamuna (d) Himalaya Here the correct answer is Himalaya, i.e., (d). So, in the OMR Answer Sheet the darkened circle should be marked as 63. 5) In any case, if more than one circle against each question is darkened, that particular question would be treated as invalid and will not be evaluated. > At the end of the examination, the candidate should ensure that he/ she submits the OMR Answer Sheet and the Question Booklet to the invigilator before leaving the examination hall/ room. 6) This Question Booklet cannot be carried with you. You have to submit this along with your OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator. 7) No rough work is to be done on the OMR Answer Sheet. You can do the rough work on the space provided on the Ouestion Booklet. 8) Use and possession of mobile phones and electronic gadgets/calculators are strictly

- 9) Non compliance with any of the above instructions will make a candidate liable to action/ penalty.
- 9) Non compliance with any of the above instructions will make a candidate liable to action/ penalty as may be deemed fit.

Space for Rough Work

PART A: GENERAL ENGLISH

Directions: Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. (Q No. 1-10)

The greatest enemy of mankind, as people have discovered, is not science but war. Science merely reflects the prevailing social forces. It is found that, when there is peace science is constructive; when there is war, science is perverted to destructive ends. The weapons which science gives us do not necessarily cause war; they make war increasingly terrible. Till now, it has brought us to the doorstep of doom. Our main problem, therefore, is not to curb science, but to stop war- to substitute law for force, and international government for anarchy in the relations for one nation with another. That is a job in which everybody must participate, including the scientists. But the bombing of Hiroshima suddenly woke us up to the fact that we have very little time. The hour is late and our work has scarcely begun. Now we are face to face with an urgent question-'Can education and tolerance, understanding and creative intelligence run fast enough to keep us abreast with our own mounting capacity to destroy'? That is the question that we shall have to answer one way or the other in this generation. Science must help us in arriving at the answer. But the main decision lies within ourselves.

- 1. According to the writer, the real enemy of mankind is not science but war, because
 - a) Science merely invents weapons with which war is fought.
 - b) Science during wars becomes destructive.
 - c) The weapons invented by science necessarily leads to war.
 - d) The weapons invented by science do not cause war, though these make war more destructive.
- 2. War can be stopped, if
 - a) Science is not allowed to push us to destruction.
 - b) We replace force and lawlessness by law and international government.
 - c) Science is restricted to be used only during war time.
 - d) Weapons invented by science are not used to launch a war.
- 3. According to the passage, the main problem we are faced with is to
 - a) Stop science from reflecting social forces.
 - b) Stop scientific activities altogether.
 - c) Abolish war.
 - d) Prevent scientists from participating in destructive activities.
- 4. Our capacity to destroy can be kept under control by
 - a) Encouraging social forces.
 - b) Education and broadmindedness.
 - c) Constructive thinking.
 - d) Both b) & c) above together.
- 5. The expression 'bring to the doorstep of doom' means
 - a) Lead to the threshold of a new destiny.
 - b) Indulge in a ruinous activity.
 - c) Introduces to an unpredictable future.
 - d) Leads close to death and destruction.
- 6. Which one of the following statements is not implied in the passage?
 - a) People needlessly blame science for war.
 - b) Science is misused for destructive purposes
 - c) Science or the weapons invented by it do not add to the horrors of war.
 - d) The role of science in ensuring world peace is subsidiary to that of man.

- 7. The phrase 'our work has scarcely begun' in the passage implies that our work
 - a) Has not yet begun.
 - b) Has just begun.
 - c) Has been halfway through.
 - d) Has begun but not completed.
- 8. The expression 'keep abreast' in the passage means
 - a) Keep at a distance.
 - b) Keep side by side.
 - c) Hold out a challenge.
 - d) Prevent from escaping.
- 9. Which one of the following will be the most suitable title of the passage?
 - a) Science and social forces.
 - b) Science and the horrors of war.
 - c) Science and the problem of world peace.
 - d) Science and man
- 10. The job in which everybody must participate is
 - a) To curb science.
 - b) To prefer international government.
 - c) To establish anarchy in international relations.
 - d) To do nothing of the above.

Directions: in each of the questions there is a sentence of which some parts are jumbled up. You are to rearrange these parts which are labelled P,Q,R & S to produce the current sentence. Choose the proper sequence and mark in your answer sheet accordingly (Q No.11-20)

11. There was						
P. nee	P. needed for its everyday life					
Q. a tir	ne when each family					
R. for i	tself most of the things it					
S. actu	ally produced					
a) QRSP	b) RQPS	c) RSPQ	d) QSRP			
12. We have to						
P. as w	ve see it					
Q. spe	ak the truth					
R. ther	R. there is falsehood and darkness					
S. ever	n if all around us					
a) RQSP	b) QRPS	c) RSQP	d) QPSR			
13. The majestic m	nahogany table					
P. belo	ngs to an old prince					
Q. whi	ch had one leg missing					
R. who	is now impoverished					
S. but	not without some pride					
a) PQSR	b) QRSP	c) PRSQ	d) QPRS			

14. We should have a						
P. to life, ce	P. to life, centered on positive values					
Q. more co	Q. more comprehensive approach					
R. as an individual is						
S. also a pa	rt of the society					
a) QPRS	b) PQSR	c) SRQP	d) RPQS			
15. If you need help –						
P. promptly	and politely					
Q. ask for a	ttendants					
R. to help o	ur customers					
S. who have	e instructions					
a) SQPR	b) QPSR	c) QSRP	d) SQRP			
16. I shall go –						
P. my work	here					
Q. to Kolka	ta					
R. I have fir	ished					
S. after						
a) PQSR	b) QRPS	c) QSRP	d) PRSQ			
17. I saw						
P. a dead b	ull					
Q. while wa	alking across					
R. the stree	t					
S. yesterda	y					
a) PQRS	b) QPRS	c) QSRP	d) SPQR			
18. Little						
P. that he h	ad been let down					
Q. stood by	all these years					
R. did he re	alize					
S. by a colle	eague whom he had					
a) RPSQ	b) RSQP	c) QSRP	d) QSPR			
19. It was well known t	hat					
P. the effec	t					
Q. is very b	ad					
R. on the cl	nildren					
S. of cinema	а					
a) PSRQ	b) SPQR	c) SRPQ	d) QSRP			

20.	He	was so kind and ger P. he not only Q. made others R. but also	s do so		
	a) F	S. helped them PRSQ	b) PSRQ	c) SRQP	d) QPRS
			estions each sentence co repositions as demanded		
21.		the corner of th	ne street stood a policem	an an umbrella,	shivering in the rain.
	a)	on, with	b) near, under	c) by, in	d) at, under
22.		the cover of da	rkness, the enemy crept	the hill.	
	a)	in, over	b) in, along	c) under, up	d) through, upon
23.	The	e blind man was feel	ing the table.		
	a)	in	b) for	c) by	d) out
24.	She	e was waiting for you	u the table this m	orning.	
	a)	on	b) at	c) for	d) with
25.	Υοι	u must dispense	your gardener.		
	a)	in	b) of	c) at	d) with
26.		my words, I am	telling you nothing	the truth.	
	a)	By, from	b) upon, but	c) on, outside	d) by, but
27.	His	conduct is bad and	his honesty is not	_suspicion.	
	a)	above	b) beyond	c) under	d) in
28.	We	e must adapt ourselv	es our circumsta	nces.	
	a)	with	b) in	c) to	d) by
29.	Chi	ldren are the deligh	t the house		
	a)	for	b) of	c) to	d) with
30.	He	is unreliable; do not	count his help.		
	a)	for	b) on	c) in	d) about

Directions: Given below are ten incomplete sentences. Below each sentence you will find words or phrases marked a), b), c),d). Choose the word or phrase that best completes the sentence. (Q No. 31-40)

31. Travellers ______ their reservations well in advance if they want to travel during the Diwali holidays.

a)	had better to get	b) had to get better
c)	had better get	d) better had get

32.		nat a sensation it wo t behind.	uld cause if it no	w discovered that such a	a vital diary had been
	a)	is	b) be	c) was	d) were
33.	We	e felt as if the ground	l were beneath o	our feet.	
	a)	bursting	b) sinking	c) slipping	d) smashing
34.	l co	ould not wha	t he wanted to say.		
	a)	make up	b) make out	c) make in	d) make away
35.	Wł	nen I saw him throug	h the window		
	b) c)	I have run out to op I ran out to open th I am running out to I should run out to	e door. open the door.		
36.	If I	take a state roadwa	ys bus, I will get late	?	
	a)	isn't it	b) won't l	c) will I	d) is it
37.	She	e is accustomed	doing work under ar	y type of circumstances.	
	a)	to	b) with	c) of	d) in
38.	He	has such good manr	ners that he can easily	a gentleman	
	a)	pass out	b) pass for	c) pass in	d) pass on
39.	Wł	nat you have done	no excuse.		
	a)	admits	b) admits to	c) admits of	d) admits about
40.	He	was caught red-han	ded and could not	the charges.	
		refute	b) refuse	c) rebuke	d) revoke
		-	uestions, out of four s/sentences (Q NO. 41-	alternatives choose the 50)	e one which can be
41.		ords written on a ton Epithet	nb. b) Epigraph	c) Epitaph	d) Memorial
42.		mething no longer in Desolate	use. b) Absolute	c) Obsolete	d) Primitive
43.		lief in opinion contra Unbelief	ry to what is generally a b) Superstition	ccepted. c) Nonconformity	d) Heresy
44.		e who believes in Go Devotee	od. b) Theist	c) Agnostic	d) Believer
45.		erson who can be ch Credulous	neated easily. b) Faithful	c) Client	d) Idiot
46.		imals and birds living Consolidated	g in groups. b) Gregarious	c) Herd	d) Cluster

47.	47. A child nursed or brought up by one who is not its parent.					
	b) Stepchild	b) Foster	c) Orphan	d) Adopted		
48.	The act or practice of s	sleep walking.				
	a) Narcotic	b) Dreamer	c) Somnambulism	d) Fastidious		
49.	One who knows many	languages.				
	a) Linguist	b) Stylist	c) Polyglot	d) Debator		
50.	The study of ancient w	vriting.				
	a) Paleography	b) Philosophy	c) Lexicography	d) Calligraphy		

Directions: In each of the following sentences one part is underlined. Which of the phrases a), b), c) given below each sentence should replace the underlined part? If the sentence is correct requiring no improvement choose d). (Q No. 51-60)

51.	. The magician confidently asked the crowd if they thought he was right and the crowd shouted <u>that they did.</u>					
	a) that he did	b) that he is	c) that he was	d) no correction needed		
52.	I asked him <u>what is</u>	his name.				
	a) what his name	was	b) what was his i	name		
	c) what is your na	ime	d) no correction	needed		
53.	Hardly <u>he had</u> arriv	red when the house cau	ught fire.			
	a) He had hardly	arrived	b) Hardly had he	arrived		
	c) Scarcely he had	l arrived	d) No correction	needed		
54.	Why we do not meet to discuss in detail next Friday?					
	a) Why do we not	t	b) Why we did n	ot		
	c) Why did we no	ot	d) No correction	needed		
55.	The train will leave	e at 8.30 pm, we <u>have</u>	been ready by 7.25 pr	m so that we can reach the		
station	in time.					
	a) were	b) must be	c) should have	d) are		
56.	We must <u>take it gra</u>	anted that Bina will not	t come for today's class.			
	a) taking it granted		b) take it for gra	nted		
	c) took it as grante	d	c) no correction	needed		
57.	During his long disc	course he <u>did not touch</u>	<u>n</u> that point.			
	a) did not touch up	on	b) did not touch	on		
	c) did not touch of		d) no correction	needed		
58.	You have come her	re with a view <u>to insult</u>	<u>me</u> .			
	a) of insulting me		b) for insulting m	ne		
	c) to insulting me		d) no correction	needed		
59.	He has_not <u>and can</u>	never be in the good k	books of his employer b	ecause he does not have		
	honesty.					
	a) has not and canr	not be	b) had not and c	an never be		
	c) has not been and	d can never be	d) no correction	needed		
60.	This time my broth	er is coming to Guwah	ati from America for an	extending stay.		
	a) extensive	b) extended		d) no correction needed		

Directions: In each of the following sentences certain parts have been underlined and marked a, b, c. There may be error in one of the underline parts. If there is no error choose d. (Q No 61-70)

61. <u>There is no</u> objection to <u>hir</u> a	<u>m joining</u> our party provided he b	is <u>willing to fit in</u> with the party's c
economic policy.		d no error
62. <u>Due to</u> the trucker's strike, a <u>they were</u> doing before.	the vegetable <u>vendors were do</u> b	<u>ping</u> about half of the business that
C		d no error
	have made this useful suggesti	on. d no error
a b	C	d no error
64. <u>He did not </u> eat the mango b a	because <u>it tasted bitterly</u> and w b	as <u>slightly rotten</u> . c d no error
65. <u>Of all</u> the friends I <u>have had</u> a b	<u>d</u> he is the most helpful and <u>less</u>	<u>s arrogant</u> . c d no error
66. He <u>hesitated to accept</u> the a	post because he did not think t	he salary <u>would not be enough</u> for b
a man with <u>a family of ten</u> . c		d no error
	e is that <u>many a times</u> the publi	
а	b	c d no error
68. If you <u>will work hard</u> you w a	vill <u>surely</u> get <u>a seat</u> in any medi b c	cal college in Assam. d no error
69. <u>Soon after</u> their child was b a	oorn <u>he went off</u> leaving her <u>in t</u> b	t <u>he lurch</u> . c d no error
70. <u>The three last chapters</u> of t a	this book <u>are</u> very <u>interesting</u> . b c	d no error

Directions: In the sentences given below some words or phrases are italicized. For each italicized part four words or phrases labelled a), b), c), d). Select the word nearest in meaning to the italicized part. (Q No. 71-75)

a) immediately b) early c) recently d) late 72. Many of his friends avoid him because he is so <u>garrulous</u> .						
a) unreasonable b) quarrelsome c) talkative d) proud						
73. Some people are extremely <i>fastidious</i> in their choice of dress.						
a) careless b) pompous c) fussy d) decent						
74. The crowd was getting restive.						
a) restful b) tired c) excited d) restless						
75. They are sure to <u>steal a march</u> upon their competitors.						
a) outshine b) defy c) challenge d) resist						

Directions: In each sentence given below one part is italicized followed by a), b), c), d). From these choices choose the word or phrase which is opposite in meaning of the italicized word. (Q No. 76-80)

80)							
	76. The refreshment we received at the end of the meeting was very <i>frugal</i> .						
	a) lavish	b) exorbitant	c) wholesome	d) light			
	77. The chairman <u>rebuked</u>	the manager for not su	pervising the work of his	juniors.			
	a) praised	b) criticized	d) awarded	d) dismissed.			
	78. The leader was pragm	atic in his approach to tl	ne problems the country	is facing.			
	a) indefinite	b) vague	c) idealistic	d) optimistic			
	79. Unsettled conditions i	n the land led to a stead	y <u>exodus</u> of people.				
	a) invasion	b) entry	c) expulsion	d) immigration			
	80. The drug will have <u>per</u>	<u>nicious</u> effect on your he	ealth.				
	a) beneficial	b) ruinous	c) prolonged	d) quick			
Dir	ections: Fill in the blank in	each sentence below	with the most appropri-	ate word/phrase from			
	four choices marked a), b)						
	81. The child kept on cryir	ng while it					
	a) is bathed	b) was being bathed	c) was bathed	d) is being bathed			
	82. Mr. Sharma has earne	d a lot of money and no	w he his poor co	usins.			
	a) shows off	b) looks upon	c) looks down upon	d) looks upto			
	83 come to my re	scue I would have been	killed by the dacoits.				
	a) If he did not	b) Had he not	c) Having not	d) His having not			
	84. A firms are have	ving trouble with labour	relations.				
	a) considerable amour	nt of	b) great deal of				
	c) large part of		d) great many				
	85. You would have succe	· ·	-	d) would have acted			
	a) acted	b) had acted		d) would have acted			
	86. Our life is such that if y						
	a) deny	b) neglect		d) endure			
	87. They were not interest		iem. c) discussing on	d) discussing for			
	88. It is not possible for ar	n ordinary mortal to	all these figures to n	nemory.			
	a) rotain	h) hoard	c) keep	d) commit			
	a) retain	b) hoard		d) commit			
	89. Do you remember	her at my house las	t year?				
	89. Do you remember a) of meeting	 her at my house las b) having met 	t year? c) to meet	d) about meeting			
	89. Do you remember	her at my house las b) having met own idea that he will no	t year? c) to meet	d) about meeting			

Directions: Fill in each of the numbered blanks in the following passage with most suitable word from the choices given under the passage. (Q No 91-100)

The prices in the domestic <u>91</u> continue to rule high in the <u>92</u> year despite the expectation of a 93 production as compared to the previous year. According to the preliminary assessment 94 on the weather 95 in recent months, tea output in 2016 may reach 1000 million kg as __96__ 950 million kg last year. During the past three months, tea prices have generally shown an __97__. Unlike last year, when tea prices rose dramatically, this year prices seem to have 98 at a rather high level. In the subsequent four months, the 99 average price showed a downtrend but in September, the prices have 100 hardened to a considerable extent.

91.	a) profit	b) market	c) circle	d) sector
92.	a) first	b) current	c) firstly	d) last
93.	a) large	b) higher	c) lower	d) optimum
94.	a) shared	b) strategy	c) carried	d) based
95.	a) outbreak	b) conditions	c) forecast	d) pattern
96.	a) per	b) against	c) compared	d) above
97.	a) uptrend	b) upgrade	c) reduction	d) increment
98.	a) increased	b) surfaced	c) stablised	d) moderated
99.	a) weekly	b) monthly	c) yearly	d) daily
100.	a) then	b) than	c) never	d) again

PART B: GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

Answer the following by marking the correct response from (a), (b), (c) and (d)

- 101. Asomiya Lorar Mitra was authored by -
 - (a) Anandaram Dhekial Phukan
 - (b) H.K. Barpujari
- 102. The Aligarh Movement wanted to
 - (a) Revive Islam
 - (b) Purify Islam

(d) Wage a religious war

103. Utilitarianism was a political philosophy attributed to

- (a) Jeremy Bentham
- (b) Lord Macaulay

(c) Lord William Bentinck

(d) Anundooram Barooah

(d) Lord Ripon

(c) S.K. Bhuyan

(c) Partition India

- 104. Which one is an anti-cyclone?
 - (a) Low pressure system with clockwise winds in the northern hemisphere
 - (b) High pressure system with clockwise wind in the northern hemisphere
 - (c) Low pressure system with clockwise winds in the southern hemisphere
 - (d) High pressure system with clockwise wind in the southern hemisphere

105. Which is not a major port on the east coast?

- (a) Paradeep
- (b) Kolkata

106. How far apart are rails in a broad gauge line system?

- (a) 1.676 metres (b) 1.576 metres
- 107. When was the postal department set up in India?
 - (a) 1837
 - (b) 1854

- (c) Cochin
- (d) Vishakhapatnam
- (c) 1.845 metres (d) 1.453
 - (c) 1911
 - (d) 1921

108. For how long can a member of the council of ministers in the state hold office without being

- (a) One year
- (b) Nine months

109. The Constitution of India was enacted by a Constituent Assembly set up

- (a) Under the Cabinet Mission Plan, 1946
- (b) Under the Indian Independence Act, 1947
- (c) Through a resolution of the provisional government
- (d) By the Indian Congress

110. In which state was Panchayati Raj first introduced?

- (a) Gujarat
- (b) Andhra Pradesh
- 111 .The Ninth Schedule of the Indian Constitution
 - (a) Formed part of the original constitution
 - (b) Was added to the constitution by the First Amendment
 - (c) Was added to the constitution by the 24th Amendment
 - (d) Was added to the constitution by the 42nd Amendment
- 112 .The local MLAs and MPs are ex-offiicio members of?
 - (a) Zilla Parishad
 - (b) Panchayat Samiti
- 113. The Reserve Bank of India (RBI) was established in the year
 - (a) 1935
 - (b) 1947 (d) 1951

114. A tax that takes away a higher proportion of one's income as the income rises is termed as

- (a) Indirect tax
- (b) Proportional tax
- 115. Foot and mouth disease occurs in
 - (a) cattle
 - (b) cattle and sheep
- 116. The Prime Minister holds office
 - (a) For a fixed term of five years
 - (b) During the pleasure of the President
 - (c) As long as he enjoys the confidence of the parliament
 - (d) As long as he enjoys the confidence of the council of ministers
- 117. Who wrote a book describing the theory of economic drain of India during the British rule?
 - (a) Dadabhai Naoroji
 - (b) Lala Lajpat Rai
- 118. What is meant by the 'roaring forties'
 - (a) Tides around 40 degree
 - (b) Seasonal winds over Australia
 - (c) Westerlies between 40 and 60 degree latitudes North and south
 - (d) A country with most people in the middle age group

- (d) All these bodies

(c) Panchayat

- (c) 1949
 - - (c) Regressive tax
 - (d) Progressive tax
 - (c) cattle and pigs

(c) Jawaharlal Nehru

(d) Gopal Krishna Gokhale

(d) cattle, sheep and pigs

(c) Six months

(c) Tamil Nadu

(d) Rajasthan

- (d) Three months
- a member of the state legislature?

131. In which sequence did the Europeans arrive in India?

- (C) Portuguese (D) Dutch (A) French (B) British
- (a) CDBA (c) DCBA (b) CADB (d) BCDA

121. Directive Principles in Indian Constitution are

119. The rocks in the Himalayan system are mainly

Congress Government in an Indian state?

(a) DMK in Tamil Nadu

(b) Akalis in Punjab

people

(a) sedimentary (b) igneous

- (c) Due to threat arising on account of foreign attack or armed rebellion
- (d) In none of these cases
- 123. Which President of India held office for two consecutive terms?

(a) Directives to the state to pursue a policy of non-alignment

- (a) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- (b) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan
- 124. Vinegar is acidic in nature due to the presence of
 - (a) Citric acid
 - (b) Sulphuric acid
- 125. Farrel's Law is concerned with the
 - (a) Direction of winds
- 126. The Noble Peace Prize 2015 was awarded to
 - (a) Kailash Satyatarthi
 - (b) Kailash Satyatarthi and Mallala jointly
- 127. A gas which is not present in normal samples of air is

 - (b) chlorine
- 128. What is incoming solar radiation known as?
 - (a) radiation
 - (b) refraction
- 129. The gland that contains the body's thermostat is

 - (b) pituitary
- 130. A catalyst is a substance which
 - (a) Stops a chemical reaction
 - (b) Helps initiate a reaction

- (b) Velocity of winds

- - (a) neon
- - (a) pineal

- (d) Directives to the state to enhance the international prestige of the country
- 122. The President of India can declare national emergency

 - (a) Only in the event of foreign attack
 - (b) Only in the event of armed rebellion

120. Which of the following political party enjoys the distinction of having formed the first non-

(b) Positive instructions to government to work for the attainment of set objectives

(c) Negative injunctions to government to refrain from encroaching on the freedom of the

- - (c) Dr. Zakir Hussain
 - (d) Both (a) and (b)
 - (c) Hydrochloric acid
 - (d) Acetic acid
 - (c) Intensity of waves
 - (d) Thermal flow
 - (c) National Dialogue Quartet
 - (d) None of these
 - (c) carbon dioxide
 - (d) helium
 - (c) insolation
 - (d) reflection
 - (c) thyroid
 - (d) hypothalamus
 - (c) Increases the speed of a reaction
 - (d) Decreases the speed of a reaction

- (c) plutonic
- (d) none of these

(c) Communists in Kerala

(d) Janata Party in Karnataka

- (c) Guptas (d) Kushans (c) Lal Bahadur Shastri (d) Dadabhai Naoroji 134. The seats of power of the Holkar and Bhonsle were respectively at (a) Indore and Nagpur (c) Baroda and Indore (d) Nagpur and Indore (a) Firoz Shah Mehta (c) Vallabhbhai Patel (d) Lala Lajpat Rai (c) Sutlej (d) Mahanadi (c) hydrogen (d) vacuum (d) air friction 140. Which of the following is not included in Mughal paintings? (a) Islamic theology (c) Flowers and trees (d) Portraits 141. Which crop will be ideal in an area with annual rainfall of more than 200 cms and sloping (c) Maize (d) Tea 142. Which of the following classes participated the least in the Indian national Movement? (d) Peasants
- 143. Proteins are made up from
 - (a) sugars
 - (b) fatty acids

- (c) Government officials

136. Hirakud multi-purpose project is on the river

- (a) Chambal
- (b) Godavari
- 137. Who commented, "The Cripps' Mission was a post-dated cheque..."?

 - (a) Mahatma Gandhi
 - (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
- 138. An object weighs most in
 - (a) air
 - (b) water
- 139. Raindrops are spherical due to
 - (a) viscosity of water

- - - (b) surface tension

 - (b) Hunting scenes

- 132. Who were the first kings to issue gold coins in India?
 - (a) Mauryas
 - (b) Indo-Greeks

133. Who is generally referred to as the 'Grand Old man of India'?

- (a) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan
- (b) Jayaprakash Narayan

- (b) Baroda and Nagpur
- 135. India Divided was authored by

- (b) Rajendra Prasad

- (c) Subhash Chandra Bose
- (d) Sardar Patel
- (c) continuous evaporation

(a) Jute

hills?

- (b) Cotton
- (a) Capitalists
- (b) Princes of states

- - (c) amino acids (d) hydroxy acids

144. Match the following

- A. Chalukyas 1. Madurai
- B. Pallavas 2. Kanauj
- C. Harsha 3. Badami
- D. Pandyas 4. Kanchipuram
 - А В С D (a) 3 4 2 1 (b) 4 3 2 1 2 (c) 1 4 3 (d) 1 3 2 4
- 145. Which of the following is not true about Reserve Bank of India (RBI)?
 - (a) It regulates the currency and credit system of India
 - (b) Foreign exchange reserves are kept by RBI
 - (c) One rupee notes are issued by RBI
 - (d) It formulates the monetary policy of India

146. The headquarters of Asian Development Bank is in

- (a) Tokyo (c) Manila
- (b) Singapore (d) Bangkok
- 147. Which of the following about the Football World Cup is incorrect?
 - (a) The Football World Cup is organised by FIFA
 - (b) The World Cup is called 'Jules Rimet Cup'
 - (c) The first Football World Cup was organised in 1931
 - (d) The first Football World Cup was held in Uruguay
- 148. The 18th Asian Games will be held in
 - (a) Jakarta (c)
 - (b) Colombo

- (c) South Korea
- (d) Kuala Lampur

149. Which of the following venues and years regarding Cricket World Cup is wrongly matched?

- (a) 1975 England
- (b) 1979 Australia

- (c) 1983 England
- (d) 1987 India

150. Find out the wrong match in the following newspapers and their country of publication

- (a) The Age Australia
- (b) The Gazette Canada
- (c) The Courier United States of America
- (d) International Herald Tribune France

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